



We are a Catholic family of schools, working as one, transforming every individual, their family and our Trust community through the building of God's Kingdom, caring for our environment, **today rather than tomorrow**.

Progression of Catholic Symbols

Year	Symbol	Meaning	Some of the ways our children
Group			encounter these symbols
EYFS	The Crucifix	The most common symbol of our faith is the crucifix – a cross with the figure of the body of Jesus Christ attached to it. The crucifix is a symbol of sacrifice and atonement, since, according to the Bible, Jesus died for the sins of the world. The crucifix is found wherever there is a Catholic presence. A crucifix usually has the letters 'INRI' carved into the wood of the cross. These letters are short for the Latin phrase, "lesus Nazarenus, Rex Iudaeorum', which translates as 'Jesus of Nazareth, King of the Jews'. These are the words which Pontius Pilate, the Roman governor of Judea who sentenced Jesus to death, ordered to be written on the cross on which Jesus Christ was crucified.	 In every class/space in school At Church Liturgical Prayers In Religious Education lessons Easter – Stations of the Cross
Year 1	The Dove	The dove is a white bird often depicted as flying gracefully before a shining aura of light. Sometimes the dove is carrying an olive branch in its beak. The dove is the symbol of the Holy Spirit. When Christ was baptised by John the Baptist, a dove descended on him, according Matthew 3.16 and Mark 1.10. The dove is sometimes depicted with an olive branch in its mouth as a symbol of peace. In Noah's story in Genesis 8.1–12, he sent out a dove to search for dry land. It returned carrying an olive branch only when the rain had stopped, and this was the sign and symbol of God's forgiveness. The dove also symbolises God's grace.	 Liturgical Prayers Scripture – Jesus' Baptism Scripture – Pentecost Story Scripture – Noah's Ark Pentecost
Year 2	The Lamb	One of the most important symbols of Christ is the Lamb. Jesus Christ as the Lamb of God is mentioned in John 1.35–36 and Revelation 5.6–14. The Old Testament has several references to sacrificial lambs making this symbol more meaningful when it represents Jesus in the New Testament. The phrase 'the Lamb of God' is always used in the liturgy of the Mass. The whiteness of the Lamb symbolises innocence and purity. Christ, as the sacrificial lamb, who died for the sins of humanity was innocent and pure in his life and death. The lamb is sometimes portrayed with a flag. This is symbolic of Christ's victory over death in his resurrection.	 Scripture- Parable of the Lost Sheep During mass, 'The Lamb of God.' The Passover







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Year 2	The Fish	One of the oldest Christian symbols is the fish. It was used by Christians to identify themselves and each other, often in times of persecution. It was found in the Roman catacombs, a secret meeting place during the time when the Christians were persecuted for their faith by the Romans. The fish is based on the first letters of the Greek words for Jesus Christ. The Greek word for fish is 'Ichthus', which is also an acronym for Jesus. The Greek, 'Iesous Christos Theou Uios Soter' translates in English to, 'Jesus Christ, Son of God, Saviour'. Christ also referred to his apostles as 'fishers of men' while the early Christian writers called the faithful 'little fish'.	 The bible story- The Fishes of men, Feeding of the 5000 The Acts of the Apostles- safe space for believers to meet
Year 3	The Sacred Heart	In Catholic art, the Sacred Heart is depicted as a flaming heart. It is usually shining with divine light, pierced from a lance, encircled by a crown of thorns, surmounted by a cross, and bleeding. Sometimes it is shown in the chest of Jesus Christ. The wound, thorns, and blood represent Jesus' crucifixion, and the flames represent the transformative power of divine love. The Sacred Heart is an object of devotion for Catholics everywhere and shares the message of Jesus' sacrificial love for humanity. On its own the heart is a symbol of love, but the Sacred Heart, pierced and wrapped in thorns, shows the depth of Jesus' love and that his love is eternal.	 Sacred heart of Jesus- 16/6/23 Pentecost mission day
Year 4	Crossed Keys	In Christian art, crossed keys, also known as the 'Keys of Heaven', are a pair of keys that overlap creating an 'X. The keys are used in ecclesiastical heraldry, papal coats of arms, and symbolic images in holy places. The crossed keys represent the keys that Jesus promised to St Peter, empowering him to take binding actions in leading the institution of the Church. They are a symbol of the Pope's authority. In Matthew 16.19, Jesus says to Peter: 'I will give you the keys to the kingdom of heaven, and whatever you bind on Earth shall be bound in heaven, and whatever you loose on Earth shall be loosed in heaven.' St Peter was the first pope, and those who succeed him share in the authority Jesus gave him.	 Holy day of obligation-St Peter and St Paul- 29 June St Peter image- scripture- Peter is handed the keys to God's Kingdom Pope/Rome- papal flag
Year 4	R		 This image is older than the cross 2 Greek letters-chi=x, rho=p It is the Greek name for Christ. We see this sign in church







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	The letters IHS often appear on	
HIS and Chi-Rho	Interletters in sollen appear on liturgical items in our churches, building plaques, gravestones and sacred vessels. IHS is a shortened form of the Greek word for Jesus, which is IHΣΟΥΣ. The letters X and P are often used as another symbol for Christ. The first two letters of Christ's name in Greek are X and P. In the Greek alphabet, X equals 'CH' (pronounced 'Kye' and P equals 'R' (pronounced 'Roe'. Also known as the Chi-Rho cross, the letters are usually inscribed one over the other and are sometimes enclosed within a circle.	 Church, priest vestments May just be HIS
Alpha and Omega	Alpha and omega are the first and last letters of the Greek alphabet. They are used at various times in the Church's liturgical year. The alpha and omega have been used by Catholics since the fourth century as symbols expressing the confidence of Christians that God is infinite and eternal. In the book of Revelation 1.8, 21.6 and 22.13, Christ refers to himself as the alpha and the omega – that is, the first and the last. These two letters symbolise the fact that Christ is the beginning and the end of all creation.	 Church items I am the Alpha and the Omega scripture- Book of Revelation (C 22 V13) it means the beginning and the end
The Pelican	Medieval Europeans noticed that pelicans were particularly attentive to their young, and even thought they would wound themselves and let their young drink their blood when no food was available. Therefore, the pelican became a symbol of Christ's passion. He poured out his blood for the forgiveness of our sins, as if shedding his blood for our spiritual food, which is what we encounter in the Eucharist.	 Reconciliation Eucharist Lent Sacrafice
The Peacock and the Tree of Life	The Ancient Greeks believed that the flesh of peacocks didn't decompose after death, and so peacocks became a symbol of immortality. The 'eyes' in the peacock's tail feathers symbolise the all-seeing God. The early Church adopted this symbol to represent the Christian belief in eternal life in heaven with God, and the peacock was often depicted next to the Tree of Life. The Tree of Life is mentioned three times in Genesis 2 in Eden – as a source of food for Adam and Eve – in Proverbs (3.18, 11.30, 13.12 and 15.4) and four times in Revelation (2.7 and 22.2,19). It is both an actual tree in Eden and a newly restored tree in heaven.	 Fruits of the Holy Spirit Book of Genesis-Adam and Eve
	Alpha and Omega The Pelican	building plaques, gravestones and sacred vessels. His 1s a shortened form of the Greek word for Jesus, which is HEOYZ. The letters X and P are often used as another symbol for Christ. The first two letters of Christ's name in Greek are X and P, in the Greek alphabet, X equals CH (pronounced Kye' and P equals T(Pronounced Rye' and P equals T(Pronounced Rye' and P equals T(Pronounced Rye') and P equals T(Pronoun

Pupil symbol hunt at Church







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